

## Convergence of maximum of i.i.d r.v.s with finite second moment

Suppose  $\{X_i\}_{i \geq 1}$  be a sequence of i.i.d r.v.s with  $\mathbb{E}[X_i^2] < \infty$ .

Then  $\frac{\max_{i=1, \dots, n} |X_i|}{\sqrt{n}} \xrightarrow{P} 0$ , that is,  $\max_{i=1, \dots, n} X_i = o_p(\sqrt{n})$ .

Proof: 
$$\mathbb{P}\left(\left|\frac{\max_i X_i}{\sqrt{n}}\right| \geq \varepsilon\right) \leq \mathbb{P}\left(\max_i |X_i| \geq \sqrt{n} \varepsilon\right)$$
$$= \mathbb{P}\left(\max_i |X_i|^2 \geq n \varepsilon^2\right) \leq n \mathbb{P}\left(X_1^2 \geq n \varepsilon^2\right) \quad (*)$$

Now define  $Y_n = n \mathbb{I}(X_1^2 \geq n \varepsilon^2)$ , then we have.

①  $Y_n \leq \frac{X_1^2}{\varepsilon^2}$  for all  $n$  and  $\frac{\mathbb{E}[X_1^2]}{\varepsilon^2} < \infty$

②  $Y_n \xrightarrow{a.s.} 0$  because for any  $\omega \in \Omega$ ,  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} n \mathbb{I}(X_1(\omega)^2 \geq n \varepsilon^2) = 0$

By DCT,  $\mathbb{E}[Y_n] \rightarrow 0$ , as  $n \rightarrow \infty$ . Therefore, in (\*)

$$n \mathbb{P}(X_1^2 \geq n \varepsilon^2) = \mathbb{E}[Y_n] \rightarrow 0 \text{ as } n \rightarrow \infty$$

Alternative proof:

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbb{P}\left(\left|\frac{\max_i X_i}{\sqrt{n}}\right| \geq \varepsilon\right) &\leq \mathbb{P}\left(\max_i |X_i| \geq \sqrt{n} \varepsilon\right) \\ &= 1 - \mathbb{P}\left(\max_i |X_i| < \sqrt{n} \varepsilon\right) = 1 - \mathbb{P}\left(|X_1| < \sqrt{n} \varepsilon\right)^n \\ &= 1 - \mathbb{P}\left(X_1^2 < n\varepsilon^2\right)^n \quad (***) \end{aligned}$$

From previous page, we know.  $\mathbb{P}(X_1^2 \geq n\varepsilon^2) = o\left(\frac{1}{n}\right)$ , so

$$\begin{aligned} 1 - \mathbb{P}(X_1^2 < n\varepsilon^2)^n &= 1 - \left(1 - o\left(\frac{1}{n}\right)\right)^n \\ &= 1 - e^{-o(1)} \rightarrow 1 \\ &\rightarrow 1 - 1 = 0 \quad \text{as } n \rightarrow \infty \end{aligned}$$

Therefore,  $\frac{\max_i X_i}{\sqrt{n}} \xrightarrow{P} 0$ .